

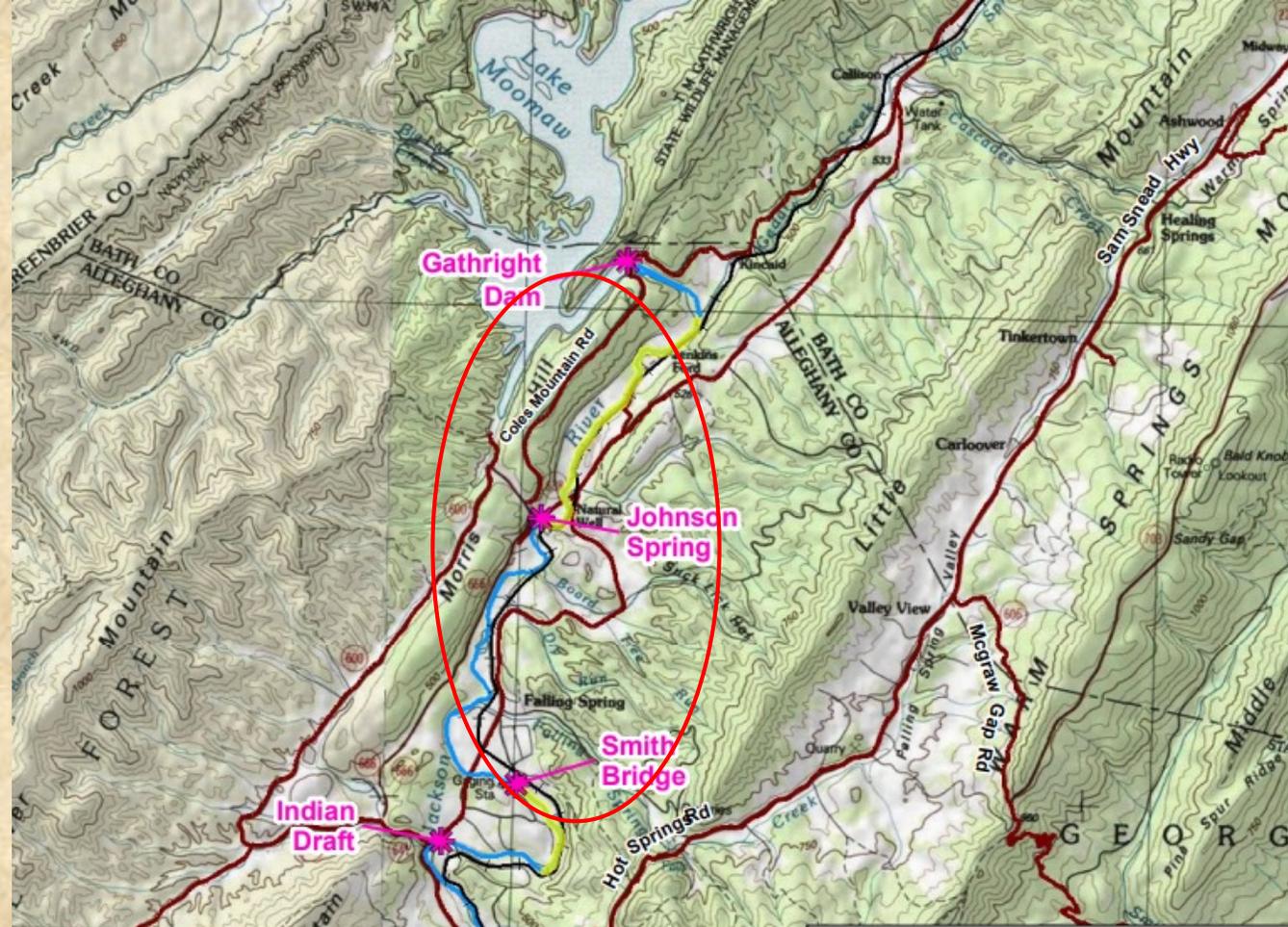
Jackson Tailwater Benthic Study

Paul Bugas
Gathright Stakeholders Meeting
June 5, 2019



CONSERVE. CONNECT. PROTECT.

DGIF-Partners Macroinvertebrate Sampling History - Jackson River Tailwater											
		Moving downstream →									
		Gathright Dam	Sycamore Bend	Camp Appalachia	Johnson Springs	Jacks Island	Smith Bridge	Indian Draft	Petticoat J.	Intervale	
Virginia Tech	1973							X			
VCU	1990		X	X				X		X	
Virginia Tech	1991		Xx					Xx		Xx	
Virginia Tech	1992	Xx				x	x	Xx	x	Xx	
Virginia Tech	1993	Xx				x	x	Xx	x	Xx	
Virginia Tech	1994	Xx				x	x	Xx	x	Xx	
USFS	1997	X									
REIC	2007	Xx				x	x	Xx	x	Xx	
REIC	2008	Xx					x	Xx	x	Xx	
REIC	2009	Xx				x	x	Xx	x	Xx	
REIC	2016		Xx		Xx		Xx				
REIC	2017		Xx		Xx		Xx				
Kirk Environmental	2018		Xx		Xx		Xx				
X = PIBS or Carle (Kirber) Sampler											
x = D-frame net											



Jackson River Tailwater

-  Public Access Areas
-  Jackson River Trail
-  Areas Subject to Potential Asserted Private Ownership of Bottomland and/or Fishing Rights
-  Roads

0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles

Sources:
 Topographic Map - National Geographic
 Roads - 2009 VGIN
 Railroad - ESRI
 Hydrology Information - USGS
 All Other Data - VDGIF






Design

Purpose – Obtain fresh macroinvertebrate data on upper Jackson Tailwater and compare to pre-pulse samples

Time Frame – late summer 2016, 2017, 2018

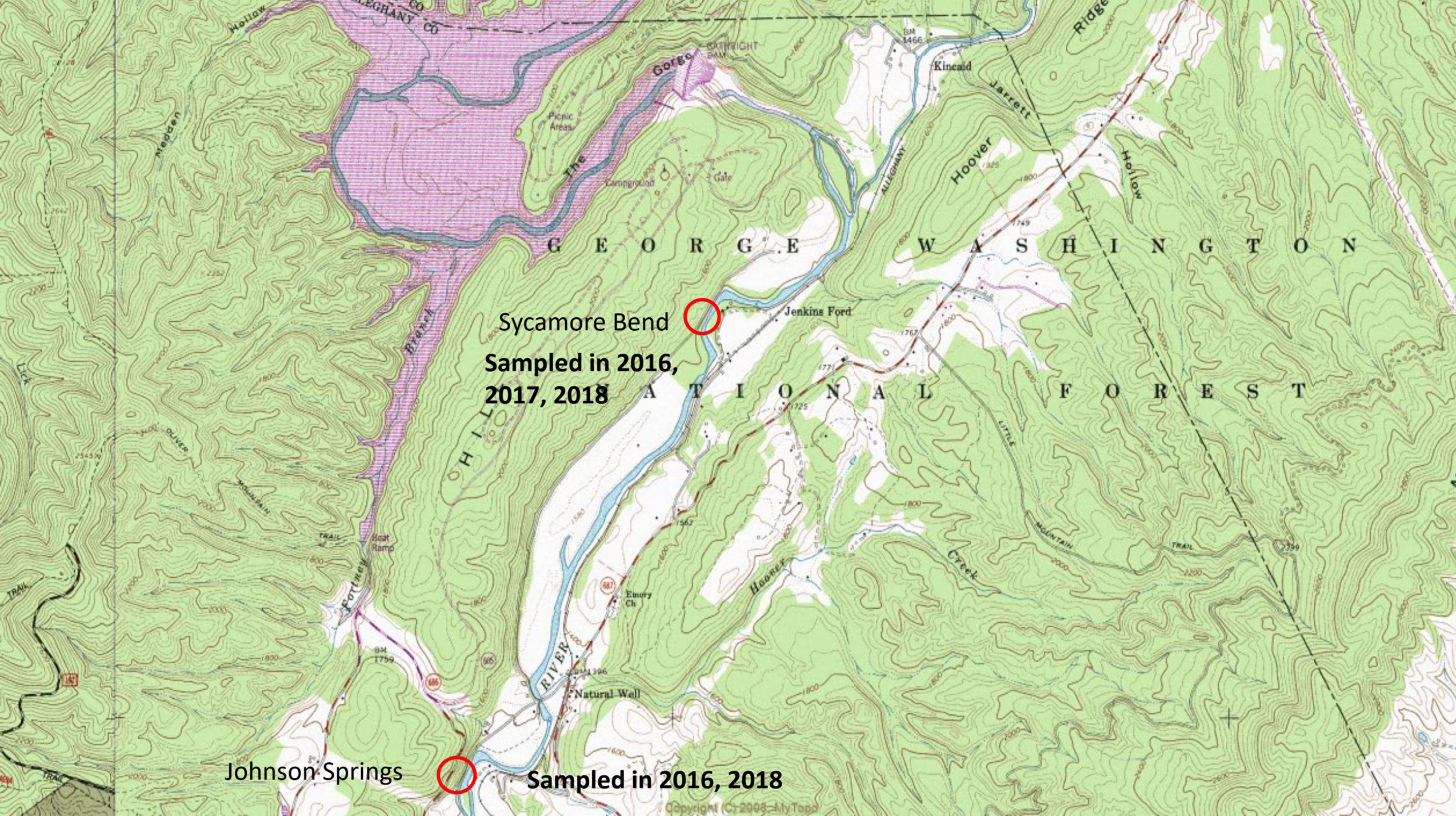
Locations – Sycamore Bend, Johnson Springs, Smith Bridge

Equipment – Carle Sampler (0.26 cubic meter), D-frame net

Replicates – Three reps per riffle with the Carle, numerous swipes with the D-frame

Samples – Samples were individually bagged labeled and preserved in alcohol

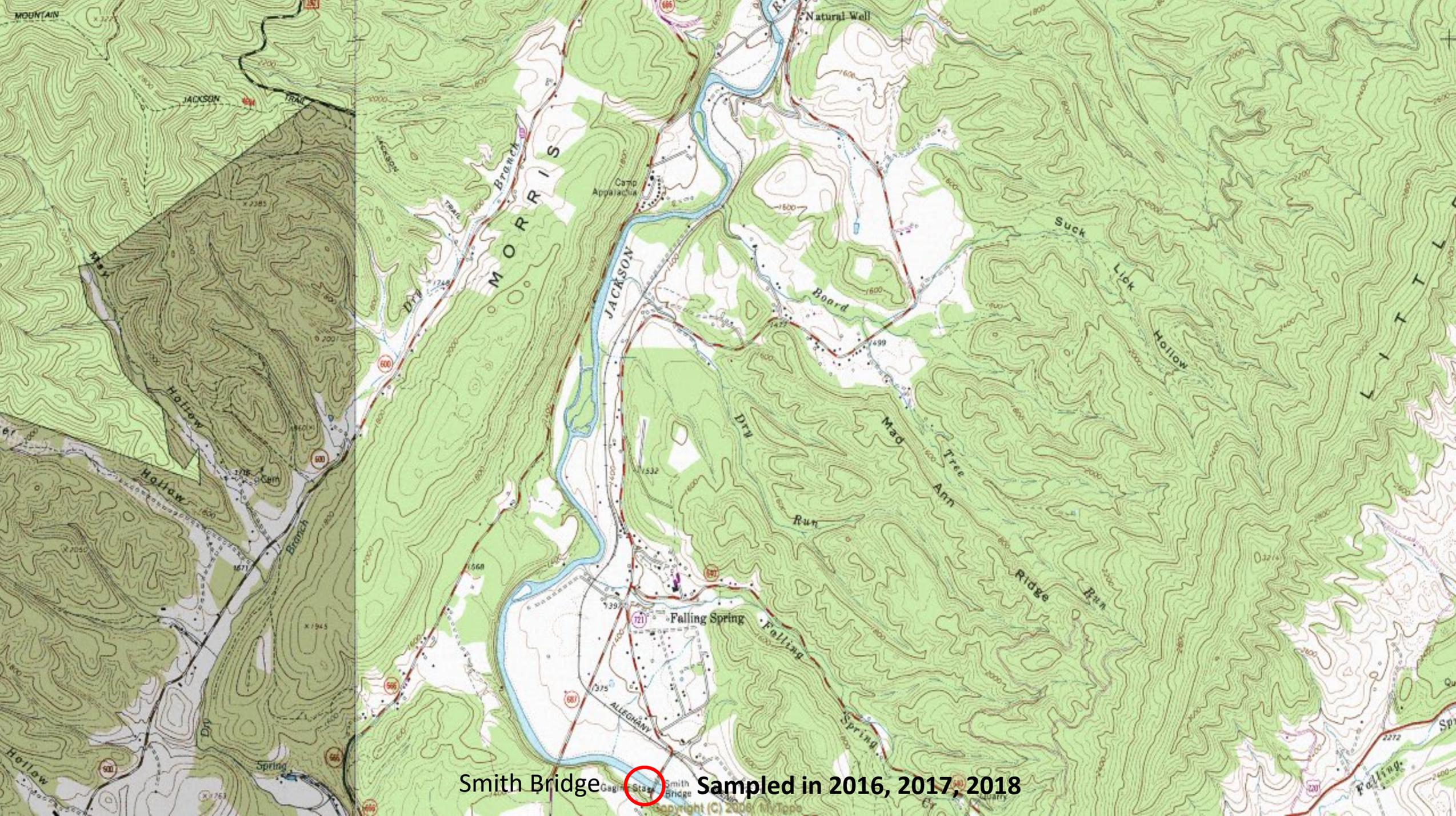
Analysis – REIC labs in Beaverton, WV (Ed Kirk)



Sycamore Bend
Sampled in 2016,
2017, 2018

Johnson Springs

Sampled in 2016, 2018



Smith Bridge  Sampled in 2016, 2017, 2018

Virginia Stream Condition Index

Year	Sycamore	Johnson	Smith		
2016	73.70	74.82	76.31		
2017	70.90		74.74		
2018	73.50	77.00	70.70		
	72.70	75.91	73.92		
A score over 61 is the acceptable biocriteria threshold					

EPT Group		Sycamore Bend			Johnson Springs			Smith Bridge		
(Number per sq meter, Carle Sampler)		2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018
Ephemeroptera (Mayflies)						no sample				
Baetidae										
Acentrella	Tiny Blue-winged	523	572	113	212		15	31	68	1
Baetis	Blue winged olive	915	236	260	12		12	8	23	8
Heterocloeon	Tiny blue wings			1						
Caniidae										
Caenis	Small squaregills	15	71	6	19		1	15	45	10
Ephemerellidae	Spiny crawlers	8	1		4					
Ephemerella	Sulphurs		3	1						
Serratella	Little Sooty Olive	8								
Heptageniidae				10			17		15	
Epeorus	Quill gordon	65	29	19	63		54	15	27	15
Maccaffertium	March brown	69	67	22	15		8	65	18	35
Stenacron	Light cahill	4	19	15	19		8	12	14	3
Heptagenia	Golden Dun	12								
Isonychiidae										
Isonychia	Mahogany dun	23	72		4		1	12	14	8
Leptophebiidae										
Leptophlebia	Black quill	15	99	15	23		6	31	49	13

		2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018
Plecoptera (Stoneflies)										
Chloroperlidae	Green Stonefly		1							
Leuctridae	Rolled Winged	446	906	340	515		410	331	214	281
Perlidae	Common Stonefly	12	3	1	4		3			
Tricoptera (Caddisflies)										
Goeridae	Little Gray Sedge						1	4		
Hydropsychidae										
Ceratopsyche	Spotted Sedge	607	446	64	308		19	38	12	6
Cheumatopsyche	Little Sister Sedge	2023	369	195	269		76	200	100	28
Hydropsyche	Common Netspinners	538	278	33	223		27	35	9	4
Brachycentridae	Humpless Casemaker		6		19		3	23	3	
Glossosomatidae	Little Black Caddis		10						3	
Lepidostomatidae	Little Brown Sedge				4					1
Philopotamiidae	Fingernet Caddis		3							1
Leptoceridae	Longhorned Caddis									
Polycentropodidae	Trumpetnet Caddis	15	10		8				1	
Psychomyiidae	Net Tube Caddis	4	5							
Rhyacophilidae	Free Living Caddis	238	79	58	73		14	23	1	4

Sycamore Bend

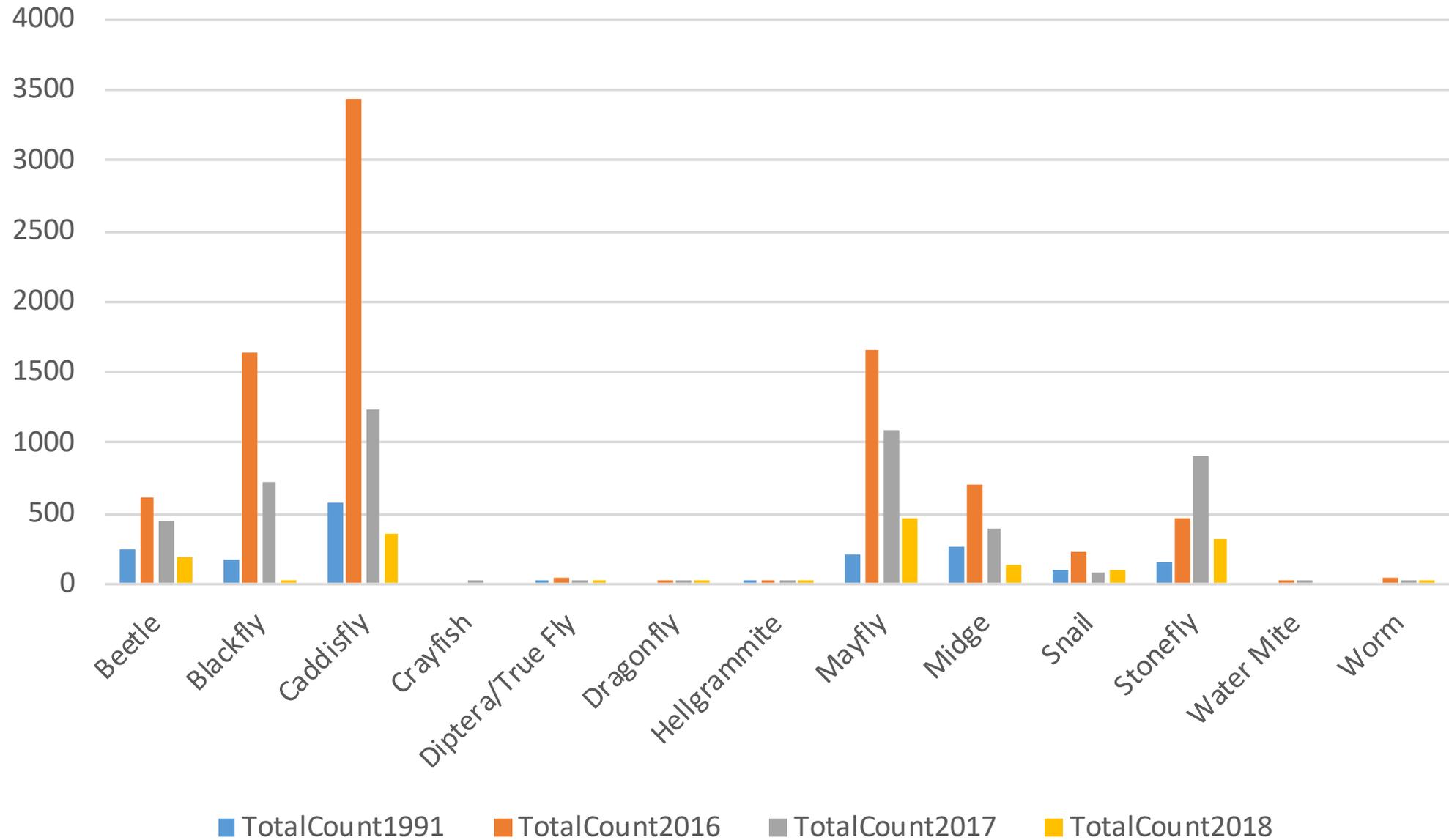
(Number per sq meter, Carle Sampler)

Ephemeroptera (Mayflies)

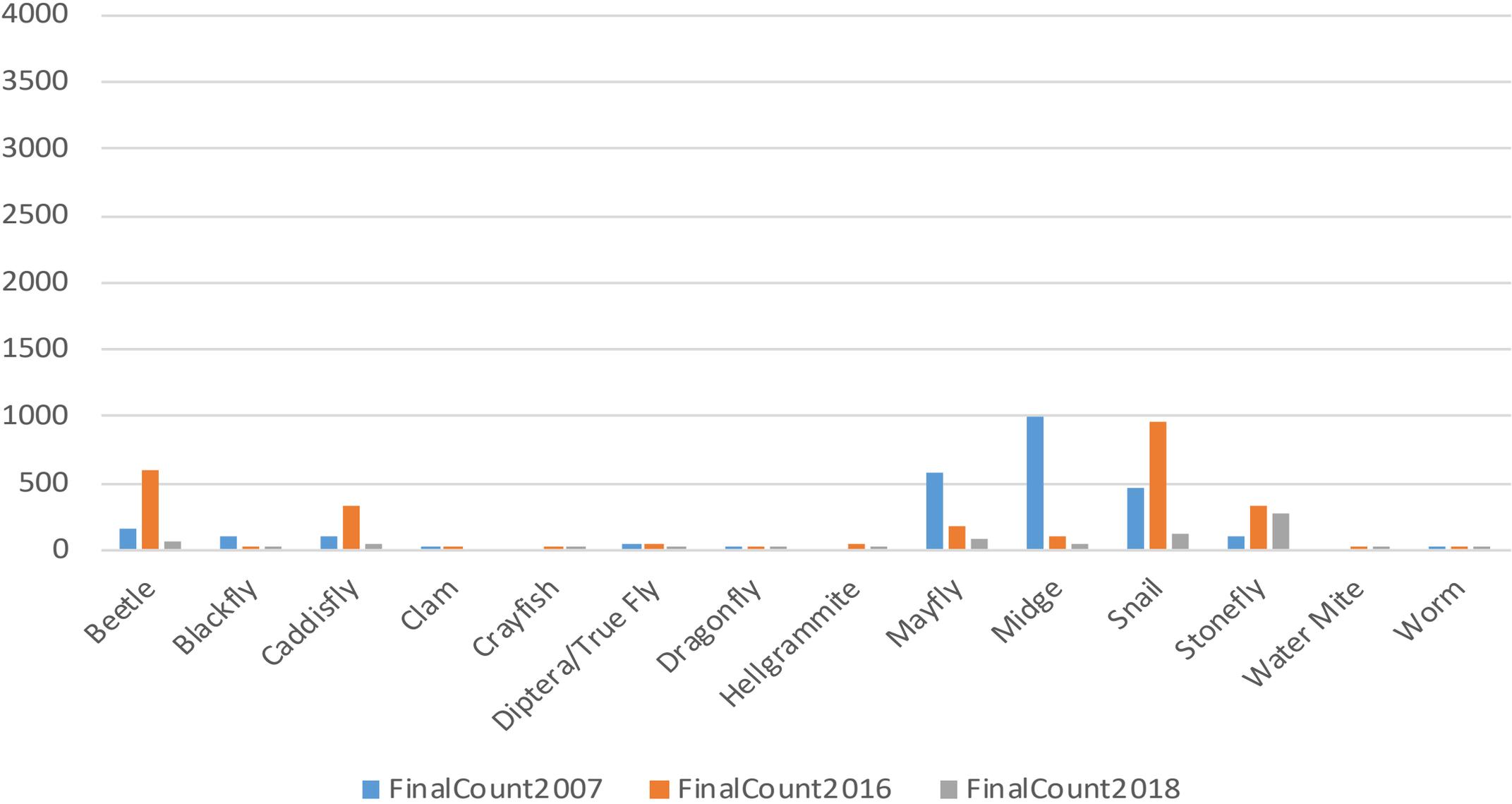
		Pre-Pulse		Post-Pulse		
		1990	1991	2016	2017	2018
Baetidae		23	80			
Acentrella	Tiny Blue-winged			523	572	113
Baetis	Blue winged olive			915	236	260
Heterocloeon	Tiny blue wings	17				1
Caniidae			50			
Caenis	Small squaregills			15	71	6
Ephemerellidae	Spiny crawlers		3	8	1	
Ephemerella	Sulphurs	4			3	1
Serratella	Little Sooty Olive		33	8		
Drunnela		12				
Heptageniidae						10
Epeorus	Quill gordon	5	20	65	29	19
Maccaffertium	March brown		13	69	67	22
Stenacron	Light cahill			4	19	15
Heptagenia	Golden dun			12		
Isonychiidae			3			
Isonychia	Mahogany dun			23	72	
Leptophebiidae						
Leptophlebia	Black quill			15	99	15

Plecoptera (Stoneflies)		1990	1991	2016	2017	2018
Chloroperlidae	Green Stonefly				1	
Leuctridae	Rolled Winged		150	446	906	340
Perlidae	Common Stonefly		10	12	3	1
Tricoptera (Caddisflies)						
Hydropsychidae						
Ceratopsyche	Spotted Sedge			607	446	64
Cheumatopsyche	Little Sister Sedge	28	13	2023	369	195
Hydropsyche	Common Netspinners	125	547	538	278	33
Brachycentridae	Humpless Casemaker				6	
Glossosomatidae	Little Black Caddis				10	
Lepidostomatidae	Little Brown Sedge		3			
Philopotamiidae	Fingernet Caddis				3	
Hydroptilidae	Micro Caddis	5				
Polycentropodidae	Trumpetnet Caddis	3		15	10	
Psychomyiidae	Net Tube Caddis			4	5	
Rhyacophilidae	Free Living Caddis		17	238	79	58

Density of Common Macroinvertebrates Sycamorebend (number/square meter)



Density of Common Macroinvertebrates Smith Bridge (number/square meter)



Multi-variate analysis of ecological communities

Sycamore Bend - rare taxa removed

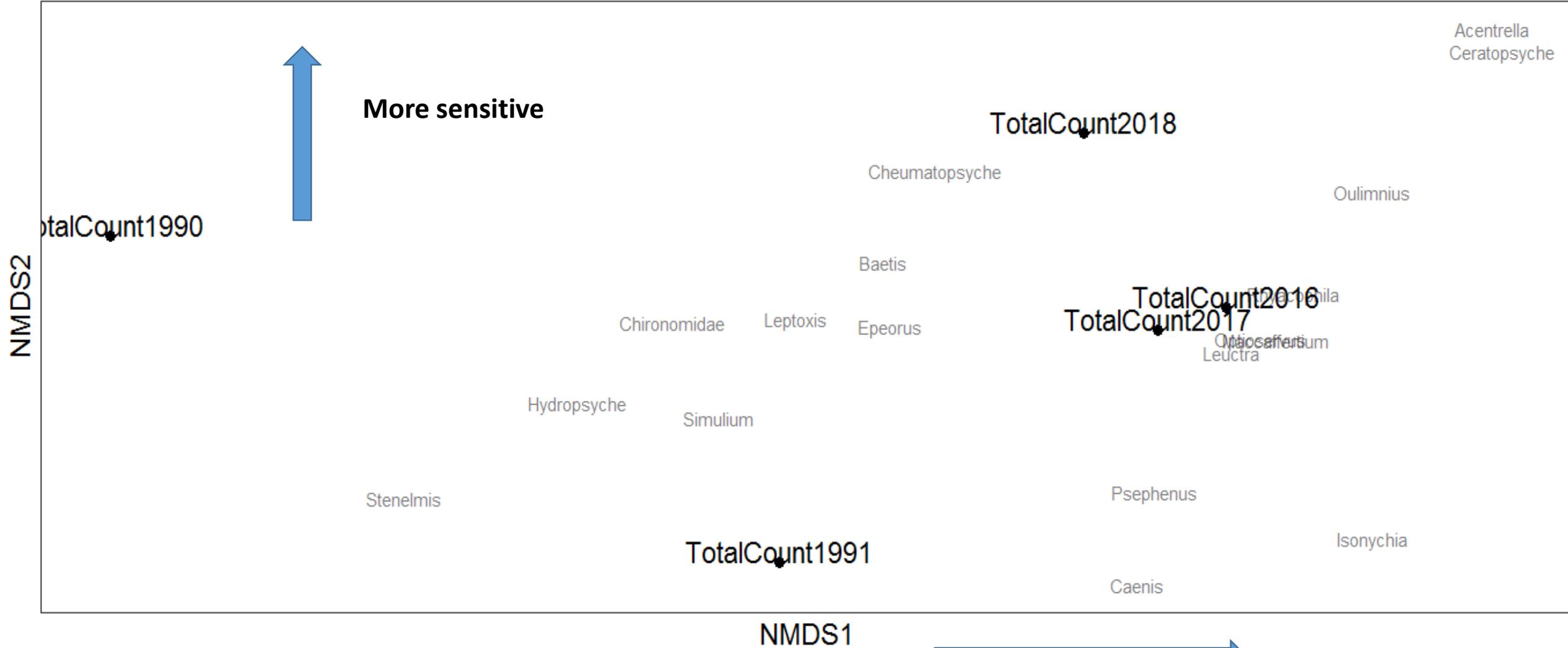
Closer to Zero = More similar

1990 & 1991 = Pre-pulse data

Comparison	Sorensen	Chao
1990 - 1991	0.47	0.11
1990 - 2016	0.87	0.17
1990 - 2017	0.78	0.38
1990 - 2018	0.75	0.34
1991 - 2016	0.71	0.07
1991 - 2017	0.61	0.12
1991 - 2018	0.59	0.06
2016 - 2017	0.38	0
2016 - 2018	0.7	0.001
2017 - 2018	0.53	0.01

Sycamore Bend

Rare taxa removed



Taxa were removed if they made up less than 0.5% of total individuals throughout all years

Conclusions

- The three-year macroinvertebrate investigation on the upper Jackson River Tailwater was completed as agreed upon
- VSCI scores were high for all 3 sites, in 75th percentile
- Robust populations of mayfly, stonefly, and caddisfly were present at all 3 sites, particularly Sycamore Bend
- Post-pulse populations of EPT families at all 3 sites do not appear to have been affected by six release events per summer/fall
- Spiny crawler mayfly family was collected in low numbers; this group was much more robust in 1973 before Gathright Project
- Pulses do not appear to be affecting benthics in upper Jackson Tail.